

8492

BLACK	0V	_____)	(_____	0V ORANGE	
		)	(		0.15A
		)	(-----	50V PINK	
BLUE	10V-	|_JOIN_)	(
		)	(-----	300V GREY	
)	(
		)	(-----	550V PINK	
)	(
		)	(_____	600V ORANGE	
)	(
		)	( _____	0V YELLOW (1)	
WHITE	210V-	|_JOIN_ )	(		3A
		)	(---ct---	GREEN (1)	
)	(
		)	( _____	6.3V YELLOW (1)	
RED	230V-	|_JOIN_)	(
		)	( _____	0V YELLOW (2)	
		)	(		3A
		)	(---ct---	GREEN (2)	
BROWN	250V	_____)	(
		)	( _____	6.3V YELLOW (2)	
)	(
		)	( _____	0V YELLOW/VIOLET	
		)	(		3A
		)	(-----	5V VIOLET	
)	(
		)	( _____	6.3V YELLOW	

To obtain other inputs use as follows:
10V tap in place of 0V terminal thus:

BLUE/BROWN = 240V BLUE/RED = 220V BLUE/WHITE = 200V

You will note that the Primary is built up in sections and the two wires in the Blue, White and Red sleeves **must always be individually joined** to make the primary circuit complete. **Spare connections not required** can be cut short, **each colour joined separately and isolated**. The solid wire inside the sleeving is coated with polyurethane and needs to be **stripped away and tinned** if the leads are shortened.

Note: A certain amount of mechanical hum is prevalent in mains transformers and can be amplified when bolting to your metal work. Therefore you may find a small rubber gasket or similar material is worth fitting to quieten this hum to its' minimum.