

8216

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------|----------|-----------|-----------------------|-------|
| BLACK | 0V | _____) | (_____ | 0V GREY | |
| | |) | (| | 0.43A |
| | |) | (| | |
| BLUE | 10V- | _JOIN_) | (_____ | 325V VIOLET | |
| | |) | (| | |
| | |) | (| 0V YELLOW (1) | 4A |
| | |) | (| ---ct-- GREEN (1) | |
| | |) | (| _____ 6.3V YELLOW (1) | |
| WHITE | 210V- | _JOIN_) | (_____ | 0V YELLOW (2) | 4A |
| | |) | (| | |
| RED | 230V- | _JOIN_) | (---ct-- | GREEN (2) | |
| | |) | (| | |
| BROWN | 250V | _____) | (_____ | 6.3V YELLOW (2) | |

To obtain other inputs use as follows:

10V tap in place of 0V terminal thus:

BLUE/BROWN = 240V BLUE/RED = 220V BLUE/WHITE = 200V

You will note that the Primary is built up in sections and the two wires in the Blue, White and Red sleeves **must always be individually joined** to make the primary circuit complete. **Spare connections not required** can be cut short, **each colour joined separately and isolated**. The solid wire inside the sleeving is coated with polyurethane and needs to be **stripped away and tinned** if the leads are shortened.